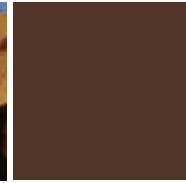
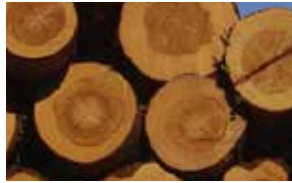




THE WOODLAND ALMANAC



www.woodlot.bc.ca

Spring 2017

Port Alberni Secondary School: Project Based Learning

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by Ryan Dvorak

It is a tranquil morning on Woodlot 1479. The still morning calm broken only by the crackling of a woodstove and the sound of the school bus tires crunching through the frozen ground. The bus pulls up to a small building and the students depart, met by Shawn Flynn.

This is the Project Based Learning 10 class from Alberni District Secondary School and a significant component of their education this year includes learning their science and math in the forest. With funding from the Woodlot Product Development Council ADSS has been able to expand their programs to the grade 10 level and expand the number of opportunities the students have to experience academic learning outdoors.

Through a partnership with Dave McBride, Shawn Flynn, and Alberni District Secondary these students experience learning in a very different way. Their math includes log scaling, measuring

cont'd on page 7 ...





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“Peaking” your Interest: AGM, Social Licence and Helpful Hints

by Brian McNaughton

The theme for this year's annual general meeting and conference to be held from October 1 to 3 at Sun Peaks near Kamloops revolves around 'social licence.' It's a fascinating topic that is getting more and more attention all the time as the public, First Nations and communities' interest in forestry and natural resource management grows.

So, what is social licence? Believe it or not there is a website called www.sociallicence.com! It defines social licence as when a project has the ongoing approval within the local community and other stakeholders, ongoing approval or broad social acceptance and, most frequently, as ongoing acceptance.

The AGM is going to delve into what this means to woodlots? Clearly, some 'social licence' is built into the legal requirements associated with administering and managing a WL. Perhaps the most obvious example involves Woodlot Plans and the requirements to advertise, provide an opportunity for review and comment, and make reasonable efforts to meet with First Nations. The latter has a strong legal component vis a vis the province delegating procedural aspects of consultation, but there is also an element of social licence to it. Less obvious are the social benefits associated with the other things that woodlot licensees must do such as establishing new crops, disposing of slash, protecting water quality, meeting visual quality objectives, maintaining roads and operating safely. And then there are



Brian McNaughton,
General Manager

all the things that licensees do voluntarily such as keeping trails free of debris and sponsoring school field trips.

There is no doubt that achieving social licence

contributes significantly to the success of individual licences and the woodlot program as a whole. WLs need to be proactive. We need to consider what it means to be a good neighbor, how being a good performer achieves social licence, and what are the best ways to communicate social licence successes. Please plan to attend and participate. Share your experiences with social licence, what's working and what hasn't. You may even get some ideas of what you could do, or do better.

Have you seen the recently released "Guidance & Helpful Hints" which is a companion document to the CP Reminders List? It contains general guidance regarding cutting permit administration and licensee obligations, and includes links and references to the various manuals, forms, regulations and acts. It, along with the reminders list in various formats, are available at: <http://woodlot.bc.ca/woodlot-business/cp-reminders-list/>.

So far, the responses to it have been very positive. 79% of the respondents to this year's questionnaire said they plan to use it. I've even had a

few very seasoned, top performing woodlot licensees comment that they discovered something they didn't know when they read it. Please take a look!

Recently, Mark Clark, Tom Bradley and I had a very good meeting with Jenn Davis, Doug Stewart, and some of their staff over how to improve FRPA. Jenn is the Director of Resource Practices Branch and Doug is the Director of Forest Tenures Branch. There were three (3) main things we agreed to do;

1. Consider creating default performance requirements for invasive plants, natural range barriers, wildlife tree retention and cultural heritage resources. In fact, the Federation has already proposed some default language that has been reviewed by the ministry so this was more of an agreement to carry through with this exercise;
2. Review the WL related FRPA bulletins and WLP template, and update/revise as necessary; and
3. Meet 3 times/year to identify and address FRPA issues, training requirements, provide guidance, etc.

These are all seen as progressive steps that will help licensees prepare/amend WLPs and DMs approve them.

Enjoy your spring and summer. Take care and be safe.

Brian ♦

■ President's report

Meetings put a Spring in our step!

by Mark Clark

It was a busy spring for the Federation this year with meetings in Victoria with folks from the Ministry of Forests, Lands and Natural Resources and the Constitution Committee, followed by the spring directors meeting in Richmond.

We had a successful directors meeting held on March 4th and 5th that was well represented by local woodlot associations around the province. There were good discussions on FRPA issues and concerns and the variations around the province at the district level. The 'Getting RESULTS' project was a hot topic with an update provided by Coleen, Tom and Lisa, the Federation team who worked on the project. There was a definite improvement in RESULTS reporting but as the last reports were sent out to licensees in December it is expected more RESULTS reporting issues will be addressed in 2017, particularly with the reporting deadline of May 31st approaching. Other topics discussed were the Forest Enhancement Society project funding and Carbon Trust Initiatives. It is also at this meeting where budgets and workplans are reviewed and approved and contracts renewed.

Our guest speaker attending the meeting this year was Allan Bennett FLNR Manager, Timber Pricing



Mark Clark
President

Branch who gave a very informative presentation on timber pricing in BC including an update on the softwood lumber agreement (refer to Ed Hughes, Coastal Timber Pricing Report for more details).

The Constitution committee presented their recommendations for draft bylaws to meet the new Societies Act legislation, which was enacted on November 28th 2016. The committee received feedback on their recommendations to help them

prepare for the October AGM when members will be asked to vote on the proposed new bylaws. All societies must file a transition application to come into compliance with the new Societies Act by November 28th 2018. With that in mind, it is important that each association ensure their organization is in good order with directors designated and that the society is current with all requirements filed such as annual reports.

Enjoy the long awaited spring and be safe at whatever you are doing.

Mark ♦

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ACHIEVING PEAK PERFORMANCE

FBCWA 30 YEARS • WPDC 20 YEARS
ANNUAL JOINT AGM

OCTOBER 1-3, 2017
GRAND HOTEL AND CONFERENCE CENTRE
SUN PEAKS RESORT

Log Scaling and Conversions Part 3

by Debbie Zandbelt, RPF

As promised here is the last of three articles on log scaling and conversions. It certainly has brought along with it some good discussions. As I looked back on 2016, woodlots had more volume harvested than any year in the past 10. It wasn't surprising that folks were getting back into the swing of remembering all that it takes to log. Log conversions are another set of jargon to understand.



Debbie Zandbelt, RPF
Interior Timber Pricing
Coordinator

Logs are bought and sold by the cubic meter or by the metric tonne. You should become familiar with both ways of evaluating prices because it is not uncommon for one mill to deal with tonnes while another deals with cubic meters. Buying or selling wood by the metric tonne is straightforward but if you sell by the tonne, you should pay all your contractors by the tonne. This way, you will know up front, exactly how much of the selling price is profit. Dealing in tonnes also puts all wood buyers on a level playing field and allows you to evaluate different prices and sorting or hauling requirements. The same comparisons can be done when dealing in cubic meters but it involves a few more calculations. Note that when mills deal in cubic meters, the log conversion is stated in kilograms per cubic meter, rarely do log buyers deal in tonnes per cubic meter.

Example:

850 kilograms per cubic meter = 0.85 tonnes per cubic meter

850 kilograms / 1000 kilograms per tonne = .85 tonnes

If you will be paid on the cubic meter, ask the wood buyer if you will be paid on actual conversions. This means that when all the sample scales have been tallied to calculate the final conversion, the mill will adjust the amount of money you have been paid to reflect the final number. In most cases, your starting conversion will be set a little high to ensure that you are not overpaid. The examples below will clarify this. If you are being paid on a fixed conversion, in reality you are being paid by the tonne. Conversions can be written in two ways. They can be stated as kilograms per m3 or as m3 per tonne. Both conversions will be given in the following examples.

For example, a stratum conversion of 850 kilograms/m3 (0.85 tonnes/m3) can also be stated as m3/tonne. Remember 1 tonne = 1000 kilograms so 1000 kilograms/tonne divided by 850 kilograms/m3 equals 1.176 m3/tonne. In this example 850 kilograms/m3 = 1.176m3/tonne.

In the two scenarios below it is assumed that hauling and logging costs are the same to each mill and the stumpage rate is \$25/m3. In addition, it is assumed that 100 loads will be delivered and that each load weighs 34 tonnes. This is approximately 100 *34 tonnes/load = 3400 total tonnes delivered.

Scenario 1 All three mills pay by the cubic meter

	Mill #1	Mill #2	Mill #3
A - Quoted price/m3	108	105	105
B - Quoted price/ tonne			
C - Conversion m3/tonne	1.19	1.25	1.22
D - Conversion kg/m3	840	800	820
E - Weight hauled (tonne)	3400	3400	3400
F - Volume hauled (E*1000/D)	4047	4250	4146
G - Gross revenue (F*A)	437076	446250	435330
H - Stumpage Paid (F*25)	101175	106250	103650
I - Revenue net of stumpage (G-H)	335901	340000	331680

In the above example, the highest price offered by the mill does not necessarily result in the highest net revenue to you. Two other important facts are that the lower the conversion used, the more cubic meters. This not only means that you pay more stumpage, but it could also cause problems with cut control if you are close to your maximum. Secondly, in order to calculate the volume hauled, the weight hauled is multiplied by 1000 to ensure that the weights and conversions are both in kilograms. Important to remember that the characteristics of your wood will determine which stratum it is placed in but do not expect the stratum for each mill to be the same. This is where slight species mix or geographic factors come into play.

Scenario 2 – Two mills pay by the tonne and one by the cubic meter

	Mill #1	Mill #2	Mill #3
A - Quoted price/m3		105	
B - Quoted price/ tonne	130		130
C - Conversion m3/tonne (1000/D)	1.19	1.25	1.22
D - Conversion kg/m3	840	800	820
E - Weight hauled (tonne)	3400	3400	3400
F - Volume hauled (E*1000/D)	4047	4250	4146
G - Gross revenue (tonne) (E*B)	442000		442000
G - Gross revenue (m3) (F*A)		446250	
H - Stumpage Paid (F*25)	101175	106250	103650
I - Revenue net of stumpage (G-H)	340825	340000	338350

In the above example, Mill #1 will provide the highest net revenue. For cut control purposes you have cut 201 less

cont'd on page 7 ...

Spring Outlook

by Ed Hughes, RPF

Al Bennett (Manager Timber Pricing Branch) speaks to the FBCWA Directors on March 4.

For the second year running we have been fortunate to have the highest-level Director (last year Steve Kosuki) and this year Allan Bennett (Manager) speak to the Woodlot directors. Allan covered a range of Timber Pricing branch topics from the provincial perspective. The priorities of the branch which he described well are based on being systematic and equitable. Now with more than a year directing and managing Timber Pricing branch Allan and Steve are working down the list of priority action items.

From a coastal perspective, Allan noted that “TAB rates are working well on the Coast”. The entire coastal Woodlot group have achieved an equitable TAB rate system, which we continue to value collectively and do not want to change in any way.

Woodlot Licences Sawlog stumpage rates for the year following March 1, 2017 are now set within the Coastal Appraisal Manual.

The new TAB rates are as follows:

Species	Northern Coast	Southern Coast
Balsam	\$1.96	\$0.85
Hemlock	\$1.38	\$1.14
Cedar	\$2.64	\$3.82
Cypress	\$2.51	\$1.23
Fir	\$4.72	\$1.87
Spruce	\$0.57	\$1.85
Other	\$2.11	\$1.80



Ed Hughes,
Coastal Timber Pricing
Coordinator

It is good that there have been continuous warnings about TAB stumpage rates going up in past Almanac articles. The rates are increasing and will not likely be going down anytime soon.

Compared to the projections within the 2016 summer almanac, which were based on billing data from January 1 to July 31, 2017, the final rates (based on full year billing data - Jan 1 to December 31, 2017) are higher. This increase is based on the higher log market values (and BCTS bids) over the past few years (especially for Cedar) filling the data set by replacing the oldest year (when market values were lower) with the 2017 higher values, to form the average billed sawlog stumpage rates table. TAB rates are based on 30% of the Average billed sawlog rates. For these rates to decrease it will either take time when market values are lower, or a new formula within any updated Coastal Appraisal Manual.

Market Pricing System Advisory Committee (MPSAC)

The extended due date of February 1, 2017 for the update to the Coastal Appraisal Manual (CAM) is now further delayed until after the Provincial election. Following the election, the MPSAC have a good foundation built (appraisal data set) to work toward an updated CAM.

Softwood Lumber Agreement

Negotiations between the United

States and Canada continue. Premier Christy Clark recently appointed former Canfor chief executive officer, federal cabinet minister and B.C. deputy minister David Emerson as the B.C. Trade Envoy to the United States to work with Canada and the new administration in the United States in securing a new Softwood Lumber Agreement.

Coast Timber Pricing Advisory Committee (CTPAC):

The CTPAC meetings will follow the completion of the MPSAC annual meetings.

New Appraisal Issues – Continuous communication

The Coastal Timber Pricing portfolio provides assistance to Woodlot Licensees upon request. If you have any concerns or issues I can be reached at 778-424-6129 or by email at ehughes2@shaw.ca. ♦

Please note:

The opinions expressed in the Almanac do not necessarily reflect those of the Federation, the Council, or their members.



► From page 1

the height of trees, mapping, and a wide variety of forestry related activities. Their science includes studying the forest ecosystem of the woodlot owned and operated by Dave McBride as well as exploring issues of sustainability and forest management. It is a program that is built on the philosophy that students can learn by doing. Through this innovative program students understanding of the role and contributions of the role of Woodlot holder in B.C. is deepened and enhanced. By getting their hands dirty and experiencing the world of work the students learn more than just academics, through Shawn, Dave, and their teacher these students learn how to be contributing citizens and good people.

ADSS would like to thank the Woodlot Product Development Council for their financial support and for providing these students with the opportunity to learn on our woodlot school.



► From page 5

m3 in Mill #1's stratum than if the volume was sent to Mill #2. This is opportunity wood for the future. In scenario 1 you need to decide whether the \$4300 extra revenue was worth more than the opportunity to log another 200m3.

Fixed conversions

Earlier we stated that anyone who buys logs on a fixed conversion is really paying by the tonne. Hopefully this is now clear. Let's assume a log buyer will pay \$100 per cubic meter on a fixed conversion of 850kg/m3. Following the examples we divided 1000 kg by 850 kg/m3 = 1.176 per tonne. Your price per tonne = 1.176m3 per tonne * \$100 /m3=\$117.60 per tonne.

Actual conversions

Log buyers who pay by the cubic meter on actual conversions will

usually set the initial conversions higher than they expect it to end up. This is done to ensure that log sellers are not overpaid initially. In scenario #1 for example, mill #2 would be wise to set your conversion at 810 kg/m3. You would initially be paid for $3400000/810\text{kg}/\text{m}^3=4197$ m3. If the log buyers were correct you would be paid for the additional 53 m3 when the conversion was finalized at year end. As I mentioned in my previous article samples must be collected for a full year. The year can start at either the beginning of the summer or winter season. You should know and may want to inquire when your stratum year starts.

Thank you to Dean Daly for his help on this article and if any questions please feel free to call or email Debbie@woodlot.bc.ca 250-549-3089. ♦

Notice:

RESULTS and ANNUAL REPORTING REMINDER

The annual reporting deadline is MAY 31st. If you haven't already, this would be a good time to address any RESULTS reporting issues that were previously e-mailed to you. If you have a One CP permit, remember blocks must be reported as completed – not just at the end of the CP period. ♦

Proposal for a Voluntary Conservation Tax Incentive Program (CTIP): Summary

In response to rising development pressure on valuable natural areas in B.C.'s gulf islands, the Natural Areas Protection Tax Exemption Program (NAPTEP) was initiated in the early 2000's through amendments to the Islands Trust Act. Since then it has been implemented with the consent of the Capital, Sunshine Coast, Nanaimo, Cowichan Valley, Comox and Powell River regional districts in their island areas.

NAPTEP is a fully voluntary program which offers 65% tax exemption for land which is protected by a conservation covenant under the Islands Trust Fund. Qualifying land must have special features such as undisturbed natural areas with important ecosystems. Landowners applying for NAPTEP are responsible for payment of covenant initiation costs which may range from \$2,500 to \$12,000. Covenant holders, such as land trusts, are responsible for ongoing monitoring costs.



Land Trust Alliance
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Since its inception the NAPTEP program has enrolled a total of 23 properties (about 2 - 3 properties per year) with a total land area of about 75 ha. The level of NAPTEP enrolment reflects the fact that NAPTEP provides only a moderate financial incentive to landowners who are considering a conservation covenant. NAPTEP is, however, likely to be a positive factor for landowners who would otherwise be undecided about the overall benefits and costs of long-term conservation of their land.

There is no provincial cost for compensation to local governments for NAPTEP tax exemption. Furthermore there is no loss of provincial or local government tax revenue as a result of the program. Instead there is a small tax shift from NAPTEP properties to

all other properties in the tax pooling area (which varies by type of tax). The impact on non-NAPTEP properties is very small, estimated to be in the range of a few cents up to a couple of dollars per property per year, much less than normal year-to-year variation in property taxes due to other factors.

The B.C. Government's "Protecting Vulnerable Species: Five-Year Plan for Species at Risk in British Columbia" recommends the adoption of "new ways (including incentives and possible project funding) to promote voluntary protection of species at risk." In response, discussions are underway among some provincial ministries regarding the development of a conservation tax incentive program.

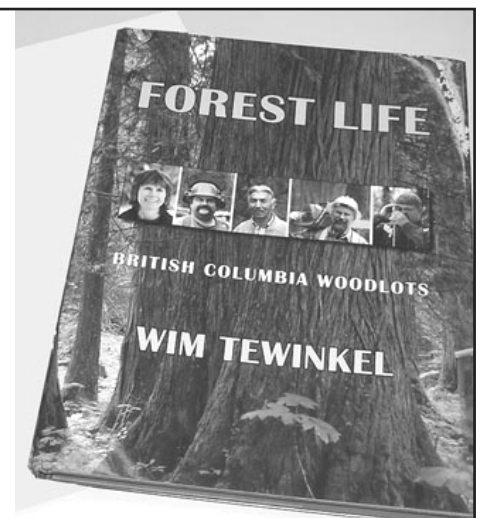
8

"Forest Life" makes a great gift

Are you looking for a great gift idea? Look no further! Forest Life: British Columbia Woodlots by Wim Tewinkel showcases and celebrates BC's woodlots, woodlot licensees, and their families.

Through beautiful photos and a few words, this book captures the seasonal beauty of coastal and interior woodlots and portrays the landscapes and diversity of our forests as well as the stewardship of those who manage them.

You can order it from www.woodlot.bc.ca for only \$39.95, or woodlot licensees can buy it from their woodlot associations for only \$20.00 ♦



Nova Scotia and Ontario both offer 100% property tax reduction for land conservation, with full or partial provincial compensation for local governments for reduced property taxes.

These programs are reported to be popular and seen by the provincial governments as a cost effective means of achieving natural area protection.

U.S. legislation allows donors of conservation easements to deduct a portion of the value of the easement from their income tax.

In 2011 the UBCM passed a resolution from the Sunshine Coast Regional District requesting the province to enable local governments to implement conservation tax incentive programs. A similar resolution was presented to the 2015 UBCM convention by the Comox Valley Regional District and was also passed unanimously.

Recommendation

BC should adopt a province-wide “Conservation Tax Incentive Program” (CTIP) based on the successful NAPTEP. The proposed CTIP would be fully voluntary for local governments, land owners and land trusts. Based on the model of Nova

SOUTH ISLAND WOODLOT ASSOCIATION

November 14, 2016

Ministry of Community, Sport and Cultural Development
PO Box 9848 Stn Prov Govt
Victoria, BC
V8W 9T3

To Whom it May Concern,

Re: Letter of support for the Conservation Tax Incentive Program (CTIP) for British Columbia

I am writing to convey support for the Land Trust Alliance’s initiative to implement a province-wide Conservation Tax Incentive Program (CTIP)..

The proposed CTIP would support our two types of members – those who are private landowners (farms and forests) and those who are provincial Crown woodlot licence holders. It would enable our members to provide social, environmental and economic benefits to their local communities on south-eastern Vancouver Island.

Some of these benefits would be:

- Jobs and economic activities
- Support for provincial activities such as fire preparedness, the Coastal Douglas-fir Conservation Partnership and the Forest Enhancement Society;
- Support for local initiatives such as watershed planning, food security and other environmental and social services.

The proposed CTIP would support and compliment work underway by staff in the Ministry of Environment and Ministry of Community, Sport and Cultural Development concerning incentives for private land stewardship. This initiative would support the goals of BC’s Five-Year Plan for Species and Ecosystems at Risk. Support would also be provided for the Accord for the Protection of Species at Risk in Canada and the Canada-British Columbia Agreement on Species at Risk.

We recognize the importance of this initiative and is requesting that the Provincial Government take necessary steps to amend legislation in order to enable local governments to adopt the Conservation Tax Incentive Program (CTIP).

Sincerely,


John Gregson, RPF
President, South Island Woodlot Association

Scotia and Ontario and considering the low tax shift impacts of NAPTEP and the need to create active participation in the program, the CTIP should offer a 100% tax exemption for land under a conservation covenant.

Other implementation issues should be addressed by the provincial government, in consultation with local governments and land trusts, in the process of developing a CTIP program. ♦

Woodlotter’s Tricks of the Trade

Submit your ideas on what makes woodlot life easier. Examples could include anything from a handy tool, how you have made something work, or ‘How to’ tips that you have discovered that you want to share with other woodlot licensees. Specific examples might be suggestions like how you keep that old 30 year chainsaw going, how you extend the life of a power saw chain, how you have adapted that 40 year old piece of equipment to keep on running, etc. Send your ideas to Cathy McClary at cjmclary401@gmail.com or call her at 250-961-0271. The licensee whose idea gets published each issue will receive a FBCWA hat or Shirt. ♦

Spring Reminders

by Tom Bradley

Reporting Time

The obvious Spring Almanac reminder:

Reporting of harvesting, silvicultural activities, and surveys completed in the previous calendar year (January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016) is due on May 31, 2017. Get your RESULTS done!

Note the “completed.” There is no requirement to report partially logged blocks.

Reporting of minor amendments to a Woodlot Licence Plan is also due on May 31.

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How to Edit Forest Cover On-Line

The Getting RESULTS project is underway, and it is proving to be a learning experience for all of us. It has already resulted in a significant reduction in errors in WL RESULTS reports.

One of the things we learned was the prevalence of the Issue 11 error: no forest cover spatial in RESULTS. We are required to report both forcov spatial data (a digital map) and forcov attribute data (species, age, height, stocking numbers, etc) to RESULTS. No spatial is a critical error: it means that FLNR cannot update the provincial VRI data set to show our new free growing forests.

Error 11 was especially galling for those who were certain that there had been forest cover spatial, but that it was now gone. How did this happen?



In most cases, pretty easily. Someone edited the forest cover attributes in RESULTS using the web interface but the link to the existing spatial was broken.

As was pointed out to us, the RISS-wl business process guide S 7.1 clearly states that forest cover attributes can be edited on-line in RESULTS. So how come when you do what the guide says you can do, we show up saying you have Error 11 and you have to fix it?

It is all in the process. We do not have ability to print screen shots here, so we have to do this with words. But the error is pretty simple.

When you go to the RESULTS320 Forest Cover Summary screen, the most basic RESULTS forcov screen, you see three action links mid screen, over on the right side:

<Delete Forest Cover> <New Forest Cover> <Forest Cover History>

No one goes for Delete - sounds unhelpful. But that <New Forest Cover> sounds like exactly what a

person who has a fresh FTG survey summary in their hands wants: To put in the new forest cover info.

As you are guessing, no, that is not the right link. <New Forest Cover> breaks the link to any existing spatial, and opens up a screen to enter new forest cover attributes. With no forcov spatial, unless you can use “Copy Exhibit A”.

What you actually want to do to edit forest cover attributes online is click the little grey <Details> button beside each row of exiting forest cover data, and then edit the forest cover attributes. The link to the forcov spatial is maintained. No Error 11.

Like everything else, simple when you know how. The system is built the way it is to allow “Copy Exhibit A” to work for us. But that same functionality makes it easy to inflict an Error 11 on yourself.

Know Your Stocking Standards

I have had several situations cross my desk in the last year involving FRPA blocks harvested under a Woodlot Licence Plan where the Licensee did not understand what the applicable stocking standards were or had been given incorrect advice on what the applicable standards were.

Under FRPA, your stocking standards are set in your Woodlot Licence Plan (WLP). Some WLPs contain specific standards proposed and approved for that Woodlot. Other WLPs commit to using the standards listed in an appendix of the WLP. Others commit to a specific set of Forest District

stocking standards. But many WLPs contain a paragraph from the WLP template that says:

“WLPPR s.35(1)(b): Adopt the stocking standards, regeneration dates and free growing dates described in the MFR publication “Reference Guide for Forest Development Plan Stocking Standards”, as amended from time to time, that are in place on the commencement date for the area.

See http://www.for.gov.bc.ca/hfp/silviculture/stocking_std.htm”:

That paragraph means you committed to the provincial default standards, which are contained in an Excel spreadsheet called “Reference Guide for Forest Development Plan Stocking Standards”. (At the time of writing, that link above from 2007 still works, but I am sure they will “fix” it soon.) And specifically, committed to the provincial standards in place on your date of commencement. You need to get these standards and review the applicable ones (a) before logging and (b) ASAP if you never knew this before. Do they work for you? Are the preferred and acceptable species realistic, in your opinion?

One of the situations I encountered involved Lodgepole pine. Everyone “knew” that PI was a preferred species because the majors all mangle for it and plant it beside the woodlot. When we dug out the applicable provincial default standard, PI was not even an acceptable.

The web site above has the September 2016 version and the November 2010 version of the provincial standards (about mid page in the tiny blue print.) If you want the December 2003 or the February 2014 versions, due to your date of commencement, you have to contact a collector like myself (tomb@

netidea.com).

Pre-Harvest Map

Going on about stocking standards raises another matter.

WLPPR S 33 requires that before a WL harvests timber from an area where the WL is required to establish a free growing stand, the WL must prepare a map showing

(a) the biogeoclimatic ecosystem classification to site series level for the area, and

(b) the stocking standards that apply to the area.

In other words, an approximate block outline and the BEC classification(s) within that outline. With the SSID of the stocking standard that applies to each. Professional forestry. You need

RFT or RPF signoff. If your District Manager or their designate asks, you must supply this map.

Regardless of whether the DM asks, you must have this map on file. This is where and when you should be answering the question “What stocking standard applies to my harvest area?” Also, “What obligations am I incurring by harvesting this site and can I reasonably expect to meet them?”.

Finally, a careful reading of S 33 indicates that a pre-harvest map is not required for an intermediate cut, as there is not obligation to establish a free growing stand in an intermediate cut. However, there is an obligation to establish the biogeoclimatic info and the intermediate cut standards (from your WLP) that apply to an intermediate cut, so you will need the same sort of map and documentation for an intermediate cut. ♦

Notice:

CP REMINDERS

A **CP Reminders List** was distributed in 2016. It is a list to remind licensees of commitments and/or obligations they might have.

A new document entitled **WL CP Reminders List – General Guidance & Helpful Hints**. It is a companion document to the reminders list that was developed and distributed previously. For each item on the reminders list, this new document describes the obligation, offers information and provides references to legislation and manuals.

They can both be found on the Federation website – www.woodlot.bc.ca. ♦

Please help us out! If you are transferring or selling your woodlot make sure the new licensees get their own copy of the Almanac by asking them to send their contact information to the WPDC Coordinator. Also if you wish to remain on the Almanac’s mailing list let Cathy know. ♦



Know Your Responsibilities

A comprehensive wrap up to the six part series “*Know Your Responsibilities*” articles put out by Woodlot License & Community Forest Agreement Safety Committee.

1. Owners
2. Prime Contractors
3. Employers
4. Supervisors
5. Workers
6. Board of Directors

On a worksite many people could be present, the owner, prime contractor, employer, supervisors and workers. Or maybe it's just a few people who take on a number of roles at a time. Each role has its own unique responsibilities that are required to ensure the safety of everyone on the worksite.

How do you know what you are responsible for?

- **Know** your role or roles on the worksite, you can have more than one role on any given day.
- **Know** that safety is the responsibility of everyone on the worksite.
- **Know** that there are tools and resources available to you for ensuring safety.
- **If you don't know, ask!** Seek advice and/or resources. Resources can be found at:

<http://www.bcforestsafe.org/node/2711>

Or contact the BC Forest Safety Council at
1-877-741-1060

The next page clearly outlines roles and responsibilities, note that often there is more than one role responsible for ensuring a safety action has been met.

Workers Compensation Act - Responsibilities

Section 115

An employer must ensure the safety of all workers at the workplace.

Section 116

Workers must take reasonable care to protect their own safety and the safety of other persons.

Section 117

All supervisors must ensure the health and safety of workers under their supervision.

Section 118

Prime contractor must ensure that all activities are coordinated and comply with regulation.

Section 119

Every owner must maintain the land/premises used as a workplace in a manner that ensures the health and safety of all persons at or near the workplace.

Section 121

Board of directors must ensure work is carried out in accordance with established safe work procedures as required by OHS



	Owner	Prime Contractor	Employer	Supervisor	Worker	Board Members
Provide and maintain land and premises in safe manner	✓					
Identify and communicate known & foreseeable hazards on worksite as well as equipment and PPE	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Ensure plan is in place to address hazards and is being followed	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Ensure works related activities are planned and conducted with in WSBC regulations	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Coordinating the safety activates of all companies on worksite to ensure safe operation		✓				
Compile all safety information and share this information with designated supervisors/workers		✓	✓	✓		
Conduct pre-work meeting	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Establish OH&S Policy			✓			✓
Establish ERP, and implementation of ERP			✓	✓		
Educate workers on safety rules and procedures, ensure they understand them			✓	✓		
Conduct safety meetings and follow up communications		✓	✓	✓		
Consult and cooperate with all worker health and safety representatives	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ensure work is carried out in accordance with established safe work procedures as required by OHS acts and regulations	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

All the Articles can be found at: <http://www.bcforestsafesafe.org/node/2711>

How Should The \$0.25 Levy From Your Woodlot Annual Rent Be Used In 2017-18?

The Woodlot Product Development Council (WPDC) has a legal responsibility to ensure the \$0.25 levy from the woodlot annual rent contribution is used only for work and activities consistent with the Council's purpose: "To benefit and promote the woodlot industry throughout the province of BC." The levy can not be used for lobbying or to assist individuals to complete legal responsibilities pertaining to obligations within their woodlot licence. Each year we design a questionnaire to give all 862 woodlot licensees the opportunity to identify their priorities for spending the annual levy. The Council has a business relationship with the Federation of BC Woodlot Associations (FBCWA), who serves as the central vehicle to provide support and services to all woodlot licensees in BC. Based on responses from the questionnaire, business resolutions and priorities established by the FBCWA and WPDC Directors, a joint work plan is developed to identify annual spending priorities.

WE ASKED; 109 RESPONDED

- Largest number of responses came from the North Island Woodlot Association (13), Nadina (12), Boundary, Cariboo, Prince George and Quesnel (7 each)
- 82% are aged 50+
- 75% are original woodlot holders
- 97% sell logs
- Professionals hired: Foresters & Loggers 59%, RESULTS data entry 52%
- 96% belong to a local Woodlot Association

This year we introduced a section on the Administrative Structures of the Council and the Federation. Licensees were given an opportunity to provide feedback and comments on cost, value and effective delivery of how the two organizations conduct their business.

- Over 90% said that both the FBCWA and WPDC are doing a good job
- 91% are satisfied with the admin structure of the FBCWA
- 97% are satisfied with the admin structure of the Council.

We asked woodlot licensees to describe a specific topic to which both Additional Resources and Fewer Resources should be directed.

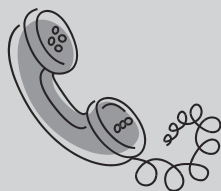
- 46 respondents submitted comments on where to direct additional resources
- 18 respondents told us how to direct fewer resources

The following comments came from woodlot licensees around the province on where to direct additional resources: FRPA Compliance, Addresses of best log buyers, Extension (silviculture & fire management), Enhanced Silviculture Committee, Tenure Rights, Expanding the woodlot program, Mule-deer habitat restrictions, Information and training for Associations, Stumpage, Promotion of program, Tools to help with RESULTS, Minimize admin requirements, Growth & Yield, Species at Risk, Woodlot Licence



Plans, Educational Speakers to AGM, Improving woodlot performance, Changing ownership of licensee, Woodlot Education to students, Top-ups to 1200 hectares, Updating and correcting the woodlot overlays on Google Earth, Public Pressure, Elimination of Waste Surveys, Pay Waste & Residue with Annual Rent, Silviculture, Preparing for Post-SLA, First Nations referral process, Hire Area Woodlot Consultants, MPB mitigation, Diversifying market opportunities for woodlot fibre and products, Tracking of log prices by milling centre, Simple reporting structures for woodlot licensees, Strengthening associations.

The WPDC and the FBCWA will be reviewing the comments over the year to ensure the priorities reflect the members' ideas and are consistent with the Council's stated purpose. ♦



Telephone Support for using the Woodlot for Windows AAC program is available to all woodlot licensees or their representatives.

Contact Mike Bandstra ph: 250-847-4822 fax: 888-273-0209
email: mbandstra@forsite.ca ♦

MEMBER *Reflections*

Last week I started doing my own logging on a small area of my wife's WL 845 with the 80 year old guy (Wilf Peschla) who we bought WL 845 from. Wilf was missing logging out on his WL terribly and wants to sell me his old relic of a skidder for \$5000. This old guy is absolutely amazing. At 80 years of age he can still buck logs and skid timber as good as anyone and in the last few has taught me a great deal about small scale logging with a line skidder. When he was skidding some beautiful Douglas-fir trees he had the biggest grin on his face that told me just how much he loved and cared about his WL over the 27 years he was a licensee. The WL Program has many of these amazing, hardworking characters who helped build this province!

Al Waters



80 Year Old Wilf

The Woodland Almanac is always looking for creative submissions for "Member Reflections" related to small-scale forestry. We'd like to hear from you on stories from the woodlot or see your photos from the block. "Member Reflections" can also be used to share obituaries on licensees who are no longer with us. If you'd like to submit an article or photo, contact Cathy McClary at cjmclary401@gmail.com.

Purpose of the WPDC

The primary purpose of the WPDC is to ensure that levy fees are spent on woodlot licensee priorities to benefit and promote the woodlot industry throughout BC. Funds are collected through powers granted to Council under the Farming and Fishing Industries Development Act. ♦

Letter to the Editor

February 13, 2017

This letter is to compliment the Sjoden family as described in the excellent article in the Winter 2016 Woodland Almanac.

I am especially impressed by how they have "succeeded in combining boots-on-the-ground practices with computer-base inventory tracking and assessment.

Best wishes to them in the future and I hope other woodlot licence holders can combine on-the-ground work with electronic technology.

Yours truly
Dave Haley LM6

R & D Project Funding Available

The annual work plan has an allotment of \$5,000 for R & D Projects that will benefit woodlot licensees. If you have an idea for a project, submit a proposal to the Woodlot Product Development Council by January 31. Once submitted, proposals will trigger a discussion between the Council, Federation and proponent(s). The project proposal form can be found at: <http://www.woodlot.bc.ca/wpdc.html#projects> ♦



Scholarship Award Information and Application Form

RULES & REGULATIONS

1. Applications for this award must be received on or before May 26, 2017. Late applications will not be considered.
2. Applicants must be a direct family member of a woodlot licensee or private land owner who is a member of the local Woodlot Association and/or the FBCWA or a woodlot licensee can sponsor an applicant who has no direct family connection. In cases where the woodlot is not owned by an individual, one applicant per woodlot is eligible to apply in any given year.
3. Applicants must be planning to attend a post-secondary institution including a trades school within 24 months of the application deadline.
4. Preference will be given to students in grade 12 and recent high school graduates.
5. Preference will be given to students entering a forestry-related program. Students entering other areas of study are welcome to apply, knowing there is preference for forestry related study.
6. **Two scholarships, one for \$2,000.00 and one for \$1,000.00 will awarded to the top two ranked applications.**
7. The awards will be payable on receipt by the FBCWA of documentation confirming registration into the institution for post secondary education. This generally occurs in mid September.
8. Essays or letters and photos from applicants, particularly the successful applicant, may be printed in the Almanac.
9. The decision of the Awards Committee is final.
10. The Award Committee of the Federation of B. C. Woodlot Associations will be empowered to:
 - a) grant this award at its discretion;
 - b) withhold this award in any year if there are no eligible applicants, or for any reason deemed good or advisable.

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IMPORTANT

Incomplete or late applications will not be considered. Please complete the application form and attach:

1. A letter describing the reasons which you feel qualify you for this award. Your letter should also include a detailed description of your experience in forestry, particularly on woodlots. Your letter may include information about your various interests and extra curricular activities.
2. A one page (approximately 500- 700 word) type-written essay answering the question ***“When it comes to woodlot licences, what does social licence mean to you?”*** Please describe three things you would do to achieve social licence on your woodlot if you were a licensee.
3. Two letters of reference from previous or current teachers or employers,
4. A copy of your ***most recent*** report card, and
5. A recent photo of yourself.

Return to: Federation or B.C. Woodlot Associations
Attention: Nancy Pezel, Treasurer
304-4510 Willingdon Ave.
Powell River, BC V8A 2M8

Or send it digitally to nancypez@telus.net with a subject heading of FBCWA Scholarship Application

Applications must be received by May 26th, 2017



Scholarship Award Application Form

Name: _____

Address: _____

Telephone: _____

Educational Information:

Currently enrolled in: _____

Post Secondary School you plan to attend: _____

Program you will be registered in for 2017-18: _____

Relationship/connection to Woodlot Licensee or to private land owner for Woodlot #:

(ie; daughter of Joe Smith, Woodlot #2345) _____

Woodlot Licensee/Private Land Owner to whom you are a direct family member or sponsored by, has been a member of which woodlot association and for how many years?

Please include information on volunteer work, extra curricular activities, membership in school and community organizations, sports, interests, hobbies etc as well as employment information. (you may use another sheet if you need more room or if it's more convenient for you) _____

Lost in their Woodlots

In an effort to keep our mailing database as accurate as possible, if any of our readers have current contact information, including a mailing address, for any of the woodlots listed below, please contact Cathy McClary phone: 250-961-0271 or email: cjmclary401@gmail.com

W0010	W0614	W1761
W0044	W0617	W1769
W0106	W0627	W1851
W0185	W0628	W1855
W0193	W0630	W1648
W0199	W0631	W1834
W0202	W0645	W1839
W0217	W0651	W1878
W0246	W0652	W1965
W0251	W0657	W1660
W0253	W0659	W1772
W0258	W0671	W1858
W0259	W0697	W1995
W0262	W0812	W1996
W0268	W0813	W2004
W0284	W1186	W2021
W0297	W1188	W2024
W0298	W1414	W2027
W0312	W1417	W2031
W0359	W1426	W2057
W0360	W1428	W2058
W0371	W1455	W2062
W0397	W1468	W2065
W0401	W1478	W2066
W0416	W1523	W2070
W0475	W1528	W2075
W0481	W1607	W2086
W0505	W1624	W2092
W0517	W1636	W2096
W0561	W1686	W2097
W0522	W1688	W2098
W0523	W1721	W2110
W0556	W1744	

WPDC 2017-2018: Operating Budget

The Woodlot Product Development Council Directors conduct work that meets Council's purposes to benefit all woodlot licensees with funding supported by the woodlot levy. The following amounts are approved for the 2017-2018 Work Plan. The Board of Directors for the Council is working towards a sustainable Work Plan of \$346,000 by 2020.

PORTFOLIO	BUDGET	PORTFOLIO TOTAL
WPDC Business (Includes Directors' Expenses, Administration & Coordinator fees)		\$ 63,130
Questionnaire (Includes publication and distribution of 862 questionnaires to woodlot licensees)		\$ 500
Annual Report (Includes production and distribution of joint annual report with FBCWA)		\$ 700
Woodland Almanac (Includes production and distribution of Almanac, offset by ad revenues)		\$ 9,000
Woodlot Stewardship Recognition (Includes production of video featuring local woodlot licensees in AGM location)		\$ 4,500
AGM (Includes the registration brochure, AGM execution and support to host association)		\$ 8,400
R & D Proposals		\$ 5,000
Program Delivery (FBCWA) (Includes fees for GM & FBCWA Contractors, admin & communications)		\$ 304,865
TOTAL		\$ 396,095



FBCWA Vision

Woodlot holders/owners will participate in a healthy and diverse forest industry with woodlot licences and private forest lands, making significant contributions to local communities and providing a sustainable supply of forest products. The FBCWA will have a voice in forest and economic policy. BC's woodlots will be models of forest management excellence, and world-renowned for their social, economic, recreational, cultural, and educational contributions to rural communities. ♦

The FBCWA contracts qualified people to work on projects that benefit all woodlot licensees. Projects are consistent with the activities approved in the annual work plan and are funded by the WPDC levy. In each issue of the Almanac this space will be dedicated to introducing the contractors, or FBCWA committee heads and executive members who oversee the contracts. Introducing...



Tom Bradley e-FM Contractor

Tom has been a woodlot licensee with his business partner Bernie Clover in the Slocan Valley in the Kootenays since 2000.

Tom grew up chasing bass in north Ontario and moved to BC by accident in 1976. He is a forest tech who has spent his life working in forestry, and still owns cork boots and ties ribbons for part of his living. In the 70's, he learned the basics of Fortran to persuade the line printer to create posters from punch card input. In about 1984, he asked if he could use an abandoned PC in the corner of an office to keyboard a report. Somehow, this led to becoming the resident geek, programmer and GIS analyst.

At the Port Alberni AGM in 2007, he was standing outside when someone said "Hey, you're a geek, aren't you? You need to be involved in this RESULTS stuff." One thing led to another. With help from friends and associates, he became knowledgeable in RESULTS reporting requirements and woodlot issues with same.

Tom has been the Federation e-FM contractor since 2008.

He provides support to Licensees who are trying to understand exactly what is required of them, support to users of the freeware WLGML reporting program, and addresses other e-Issues as the Executive sees fit.

On the occasions when he is not working, Tom and his wife Jo travel and take pictures together. ♦



Coleen MacLean-Marlow Woodlot Licensee and ESF/ RESULTS Support

Originally from Nova Scotia, Coleen moved to BC in 1989 with her soon to be husband John and a five-year plan: to get some forestry experience and return to

the East, however they fell in love with the west coast and five years became 28. They initially settled in Campbell River, moving to Quadra Island in 1996 where they raised their three children and operate W1611. Coleen has had a diverse career as a consulting forester, most recently specializing in information management, spatial analysis and e-business support. As the current North Island Woodlot Association President, she serves as the NIWA Director to the Federation, sits on the Federation Executive and on the Joint Working Group.

When not working, or studying (she is currently doing a MSc in Environment and Management), she can be found sanding furniture, recreating or travelling with family & friends. ♦

Links of Interest

- Our own website: <http://woodlot.bc.ca>
- The Working Forest newspaper offers an e-newsletter and a newspaper on small-scale forestry across Canada: www.workingforest.com ♦



The FBCWA has several items that would make great gifts for Friends, Family, Contractors and others on your list. Items in stock include Screen-printed logo on T-shirts and Coffee Mugs, Embroidered FBCWA logo on golf shirts, oilskin ball caps and knitted toques. Order through the WPDC coordinator, Cathy McClary. ♦

Wildfires, Woodlots and the Urban Interface



Fort McMurray wildfire on Hwy 63, 2016.

Photo credit: Jonathan Hayward, The Canadian Press.

by Lisa Marak

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While this past winter seems to have been unusually long, spring and the hot days of summer will be upon us before we know it, bringing with it the risk of forest fires. Unfortunately wildfires have become a reality in BC that we face each summer.

Our forests and wildlands cover over 94 million hectares with approximately 2,000 wildfires occurring each year. Many of our communities feel threatened with this high occurrence of wildfires around the province, particularly those in rural areas. The wildfire in Fort McMurray is an example of the devastation caused by wildfires.

The impact on our natural resources is also devastating. Along with our forests being ravaged, wildlife habitat is destroyed and viewscales are ruined. Hydrologic processes are affected as well causing possible soil erosion and changes in infiltration and water run-off.

This is being driven by the effects of climate change, the large areas of forest in the province impacted by the mountain pine beetle which act as fuel and increasing community development on or near our forests.

Following the summer of 2003 when some of the most devastating forest fires impacted communities in BC, the Ministry of Forests, Lands and Natural Resource Operations developed a Wildland Fire Management Strategy (2010).

One of the measures recommended in this strategy was fuel mitigation. Fuel mitigation is a management treatment to reduce wildfire risk in the wildland-urban interface. The objective is to modify forest fuel to reduce aggressive fire behaviour. Treatments include tree thinning, spacing, pruning and removal of woody debris that reduces fuel loads which in turn reduces the potential for devastating wildfires. Fuel management reduction also improves forest health and growth, enhances wildlife habitat through

increased browse and provides better range for cattle grazing.

Woodlot Licences, BC's smallest forest tenure managed for timber, along with other forest values, are often located next to communities. Some examples of where woodlot licenses are likely to be found include viewscales, watersheds, high recreational use areas, urban-wildland interfaces and adjacent to private property.

With the majority of the 862 woodlots licences located near communities, they are situated in the wildland-urban interface and as such are being managed to conserve and protect important social, economic and environmental values. Managing for fire hazards and fuel loading is an important part of their management.

The Federation of BC Woodlot Associations, through funding provided by the Forest Enhancement Society, has completed a spatial and data analysis of the BC Wildfire Service 2015 Provincial Strategic



West Bank First Nation Community Forest fuel mitigation project, West Kelowna

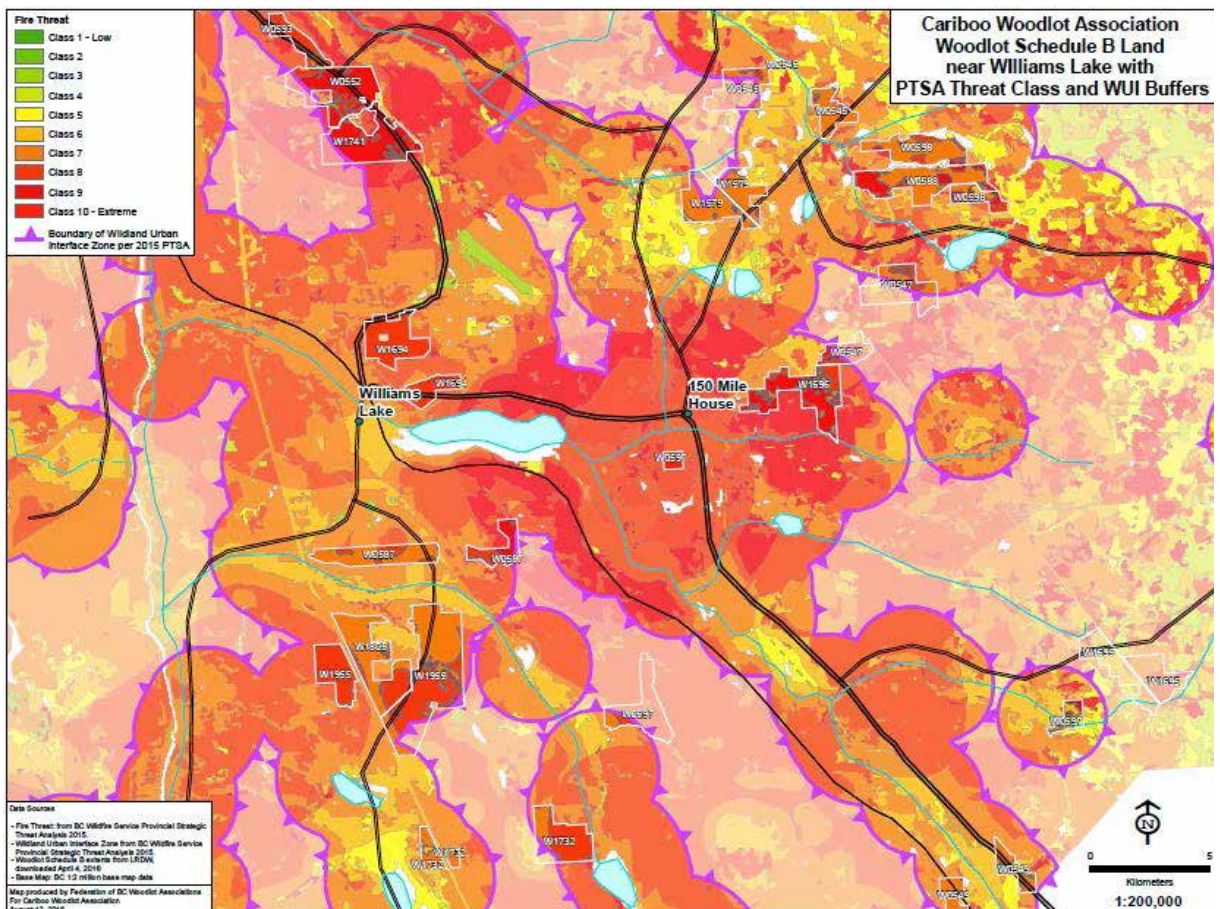
Threat Analysis (PTSA) for wildfire risk on Woodlot Licences within the wildland-urban interface (WUI) across BC. It assigns wildfire risk ratings to a given area and shows where the greatest fuel loading and fire risk exists on Woodlot Licences in close proximity to communities.

This spatial and data work is intended to facilitate recommendations and decision making regarding fire proofing communities at strategic and operational levels by multiple stakeholders - the Ministry of Forests, Lands & Natural Resources, local governments, First Nations and community groups.

Licensees with woodlots in high risk areas, through their Woodlot Association would like

to work with local government to hopefully develop and carry out fuel mitigation projects to improve management and reduce the risk of wildfire to communities. Local governments play a key role in carrying out the Wildland Forest Management Strategy as they can identify threats, engage the public and assist in developing and administering fuel mitigation project proposals.

When it comes to communities addressing fuel management issues to help prevent and mitigate wildfires it can only be accomplished by addressing fuel build-up on woodlot licences. And the folks who have woodlot licences want to be good neighbours and work with their community. A good start as another fire season approaches. ♦



Map showing the Provincial Strategic Threat Analysis threat class and Wildland-Urban Interface buffers by Crown land on Woodlot Licences within the Cariboo-Chilcotin Forest District.

Woodlot Licences and Forest Education

By Lisa Marak, Education Committee Chair

While spring is taking its time arriving, school teachers will be planning activities to get kids out of the classroom. Woodlot Licences make an excellent field trip, offering students an opportunity to learn about the forest and have fun outdoors.

A simple walk in the woods with a couple sites to visit is all that is needed. ♦



Ollie's Woodlot Adventures

takes you to a woodlot licence where you will learn about trees, the forest and how it is sustainably managed. An informative and fun resource and activity book for licensees to give students visiting

a woodlot or interested in the forest. It even has a colouring page of a woodlot licensee.



IMPORTANT NOTICE:

Purchasers of Private Managed Forest Land

BC Assessment is committed to providing, fair, accurate and reliable assessment services and property information for British Columbia. As part of honouring that commitment, we are providing this Important Notice to Purchasers of Private Managed Forest Land to ensure they are aware that:

- The land may be assessed at a higher value to account for the economic benefit of timber previously harvested on that land; and,
- Exit fees, as administered by the Managed Forest Council, may be charged if the property is removed from managed forest land class.

Private managed forest land and harvested timber are valued on the basis of legislated rates prescribed by BC Assessment through regulation each year and given Class 7 – Private Managed Forest Land. This property class is valued on a two-part basis, as detailed in Section 24 of the Assessment Act:

- Bare land value, which incorporates

such factors as soil quality, accessibility, topography, parcel size and location; and,

- Added value of the timber on the land, which becomes assessable when it is harvested:

o For example, timber harvested in the 2015 calendar year will show as added value on the 2017 Property Assessment Notice. For property taxes payable in the summer of 2017, part of the value may also come from the harvesting of trees two years previously, i.e. timber harvested in the 2015 calendar year.

Prospective purchasers of property classed as private managed forest land are advised to enquire about previous timber harvesting on the property and its potential property tax implications.

Exit fees may be incurred for properties removed from managed forest land class. The exit fee is intended to encourage long-term participation in the Managed Forest Program and is applied to property that is removed from managed

forest land class prior to fifteen years enrolment. These fees are administered by the Managed Forest Council.

For more information on exit fees, please visit the Managed Forest Council website at mfcouncil.ca or call (250) 386-5737.

For information on Managed Forest Land classification or details regarding your Managed Forest property assessment, please contact us at:

BC Assessment – Managed Forest
400 – 3450 Uptown Blvd
Victoria, BC V8Z 0B9
Email: managedforest@bcassessment.ca
Phone: 1-866-valueBC (825-8322),
Ext 00225

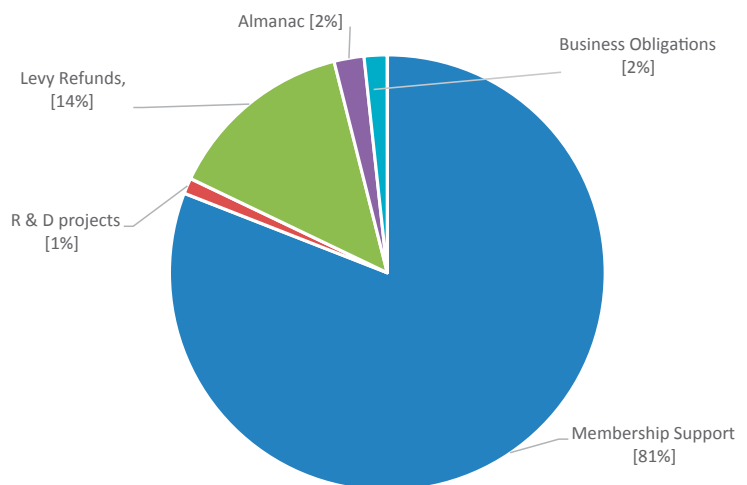
Regards,
BC Assessment ♦



BC ASSESSMENT

Where your \$0.25 annual levy goes

The Woodlot Product Development Council has a responsibility to ensure funding originating from the woodlot levy is prudently managed and used only for work and activities consistent with the Purpose of the Council which are to: Promote a positive image of the woodlot industry and its products; educate the general public and buyers about the benefits of BC woodlots and small-scale forest management and initiate and support research programs for the development and enhancement of the woodlot industry in the province. The pie chart shows a breakdown of where the levy is used. ♦





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SMITHERS, HOUSTON HAZELTON, TERRACE	Chris DeHoog	250-847-2656
WILLIAMS LAKE	Rob Sutton	250-392-1393

Woodlot For Sale

Woodlot 1619 is 600 ha and is located in the South Okanagan. The five year allowable cut is 5187m3. There are no private lands attached. W.L.P., Management Plan and blanket CP are good to 2021. All "Results" reporting and silviculture obligations are up to date and in good standing. Good proximity to multiple wood buyers.

For more information contact Mike Rymus at mrymus@hotmail.com. \$190,000 OHO.

WOODLOT LICENCE WANTED on Sunshine Coast or Vancouver Island

If you are interested in selling your woodlot licence please contact Dan Machin at 604 414 5566 dan_machin@hotmail.com

Advertising Rates

As a service to FBCWA members, the Woodland Almanac will make space available for non-commercial ads, free of charge. Commercial advertising space is also offered to enterprises at the following rates:

Business card.....\$50	Quarter page \$135
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Thank you to our contributors for this issue:

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